A geometric series is the $\qquad$ of the terms of a geometric sequence. If the sequence is $t_{1}, t_{2}, t_{3}, t_{4} \ldots . t_{n}$ then the series is
$S_{1}, S_{2}, S_{3}, S_{4} \ldots S_{n}$ where :

$$
\begin{aligned}
& s_{1}=t_{1}=a \\
& s_{2}=t_{1}+t_{2}=a+a r \\
& s_{3}=t_{1}+t_{2}+t_{3}=a+a r+a r^{2} \\
& s_{4}=t_{1}+t_{2}+t_{3}+t_{4}=a+a r+a r^{2}+a r^{3}
\end{aligned}
$$

In general

$$
s_{n}=\frac{a\left(r^{n}-1\right)}{r-1}, r \neq 1
$$

$a$ is
$r$ is
$n$ is
Examples:

1. Find the sum of the first 10 terms of $5,10,20,40, \ldots$
2. Find the sum of $-4+12-36+\ldots+972$.

## Summary : Formula List

## General Term <br> Geometric Sequence

## Arithmetic Sequence

## Series

## Arithmetic

## Arithmetic

(alternate version)

## Geometric

