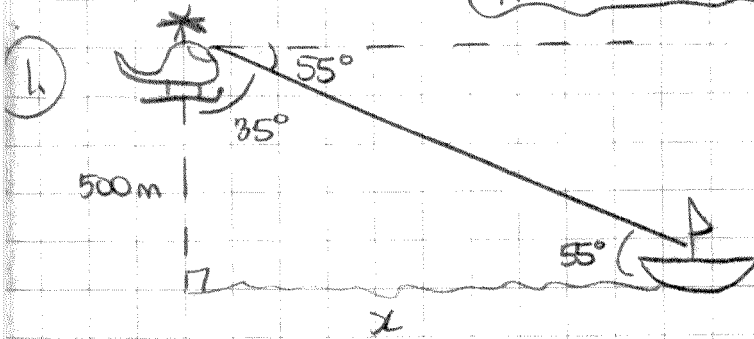


APPLICATIONS OF TRIG - SOLUTIONS FOR WORKSHEET



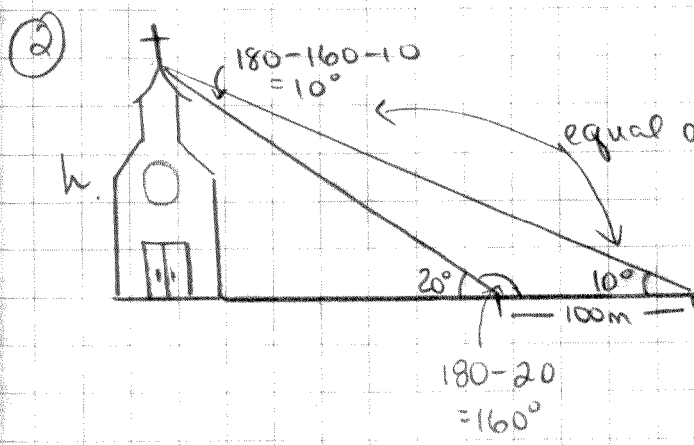
$$\tan 55 = \frac{500}{x}$$

$$x \tan 55 = 500$$

$$x = \frac{500}{\tan 55}$$

$$x = 350\text{m}$$

\therefore the horizontal distance from the helicopter to ship is 350m.



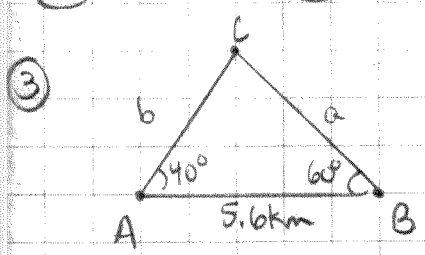
equal angles \therefore isosceles triangle.



$$\sin 20 = \frac{h}{100}$$

$$h = 100 \sin 20$$

$$h = 34.2\text{m}$$



① Solve for angle C.

$$\angle C = 180 - 40 - 60$$

$$\angle C = 80^\circ$$

② Solve for a.

$$\frac{a}{\sin 40} = \frac{5.6}{\sin 80}$$

$$a = \frac{5.6 \sin 40}{\sin 80}$$

$$a = 3.7\text{km}$$

③ Solve for b.

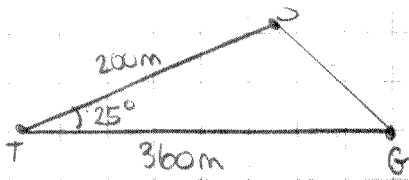
$$\frac{b}{\sin 60} = \frac{5.6}{\sin 80}$$

$$b = \frac{5.6 \sin 60}{\sin 80}$$

$$b = 4.9\text{km}$$

\therefore Island C is 4.9km from island A and 3.7km from island B.

④



$$t^2 = g^2 + s^2 - 2gs \cos T$$

$$t^2 = 200^2 + 360^2 - 2(200)(360) \cos 25$$

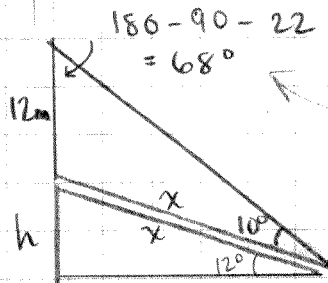
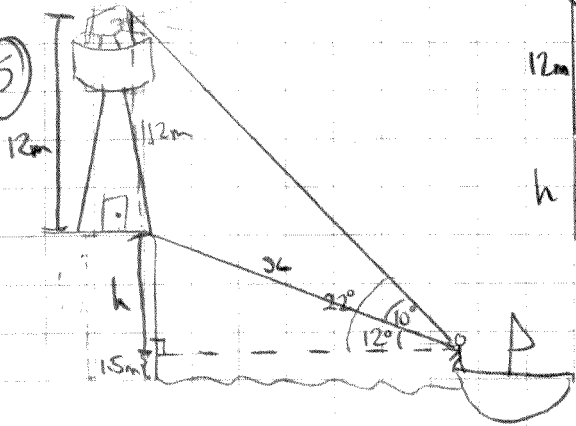
$$t = \sqrt{(200^2 + 360^2 - 2(200)(360) \cos 25)}$$

$$t = 197.7m$$

$$\text{Short of Hole} = 197.7 - 160 = 37.7m$$

∴ he is short by approximately 38m

⑤



① Solve for angle in obtuse

② Solve for x

$$\frac{x}{\sin 68} = \frac{12}{\sin 10}$$

$$x = \frac{12 \sin 68}{\sin 10}$$

$$x = 64m$$

∴ It is 26.8m to the top of the lighthouse or 14.8m to the bottom of the lighthouse.

③ Solve for h

$$\sin 12 = \frac{h}{64}$$

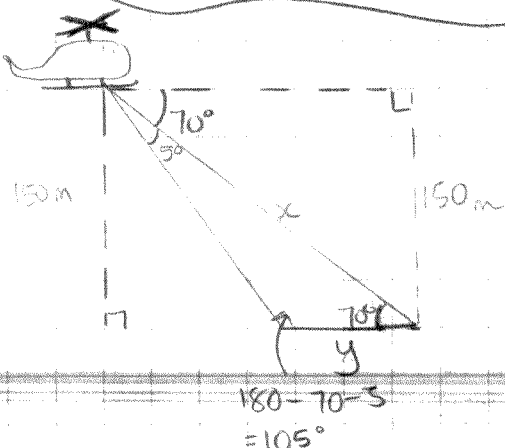
$$h = 64 \sin 12$$

$$h = 13.3$$

+ observer height

$h = 14.8m$ (to base of lighthouse)
or $26.8m$ (to top of lighthouse)

⑥



① Solve for x

$$\sin 70 = \frac{150}{x}$$

$$x \sin 70 = 150$$

$$x = \frac{150}{\sin 70}$$

$$x = 159.6m$$

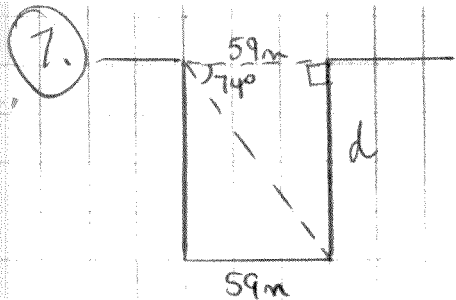
② Solve for y

$$\frac{y}{\sin 5} = \frac{159.6}{\sin 105}$$

$$y = \frac{159.6 \sin 5}{\sin 105}$$

$$y = 14.4m$$

∴ the beam spreads 14.4m



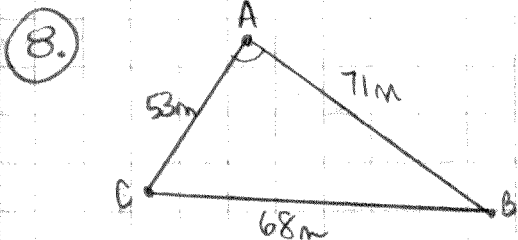
a) $\tan 74 = \frac{d}{59}$
 $d = 59 \tan 74$
 $d = 206 \text{ m}$

b) $\tan A = \frac{35}{100}$
 $A = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{35}{100}\right)$

$A = 19.3^\circ$

\therefore the gorge is 206m deep.

\therefore angle of depression is 19.3°

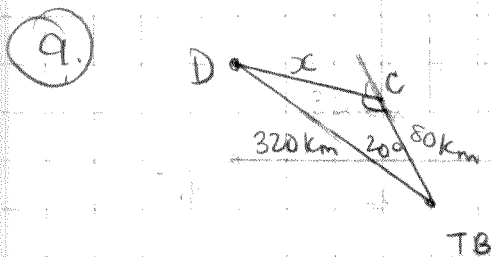


$\cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc}$

$A = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{53^2 + 71^2 - 68^2}{2(53)(71)}\right)$

$A = 64.6^\circ$

\therefore the security camera pans 64.6° from B to C.



a) $x^2 = \frac{320^2 + 80^2 - 2(320)(80)\cos 20}{2}$
 $x = \sqrt{320^2 + 80^2 - 2(320)(80)\cos 20}$
 $x = 246.3 \text{ km}$

b) $\frac{\sin C}{320} = \frac{\sin 20}{246.3}$
 $\sin C = \frac{320 \sin 20}{246.3}$

$C = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{320 \sin 20}{246.3}\right)$

$C = 26^\circ$

Didn't realize this was ambiguous case! :))