$\qquad$

PART B: You may use a calculator for part B.

1. For $\triangle P Q R, p=5, q=8$ and $\angle P=10^{\circ}$, determine the value of $\angle Q$.
2. For $\triangle K M N, k=10, m=9$ and $n=12$, determine the value of $\angle N$.

MCR 3UI Day 2
/15 Trigonometry Quiz
Name: $\qquad$
Mrs. Behnke PART A: No Calculator allowed for this part of the quiz.
When you finish part $A$, hand it in and get part $B$.

1. Complete each of the following tables. (2 marks)

| Related Acute <br> Angle, $\beta$ | Quadrant | Sketch | Principal <br> Angle, $\theta$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $40^{\circ}$ | 2 |  |  |


| Related Acute <br> Angle, $\beta$ | Quadrant | Sketch | Principal Angle <br> $\theta$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  |  |  | $230^{\circ}$ |

2. The point $(4,-4)$ is on the terminal arm of an angle $\theta$ in standard position.
a) Draw the triangle. (1 mark)
b) Find the exact values for $\sin \theta$ and $\cos \theta$ and $\tan \theta$. ( 4 marks)
c) Calculate the related acute angle, $\beta$, and the principal angle, $\theta$. (2 marks)
3. Given $\sin A=\frac{-\sqrt{ } 3}{2}$. Find all values of $\angle A$, to the nearest degree if $0^{\circ} \leq A \leq 360^{\circ}$. Draw a diagram to support your answer. (3 marks)
4. Determine the exact value of the trig ratio $\cos 225^{\circ}$. Draw a diagram to support your answer.
