

Unit 2: Quiz Part A: REVIEW Radicals – no Calculator!

1. Simplify the following:

a) $\sqrt{50}$

b) $\sqrt{7} - 3\sqrt{7}$

c) $5\sqrt{3} - 4\sqrt{72} + \sqrt{150} + 2\sqrt{8}$

d) $5\sqrt{3}(4 + 5\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{15})$

e) $(\sqrt{2} + 5)(2 - \sqrt{2})$

f) $\frac{4 \pm \sqrt{28}}{2}$

Unit 2: Quiz Part B: REVIEW Quadratics -- Calculator Allowed!

1. Determine the maximum or minimum value of the function $q(x) = -2x^2 - 3x + 5$ and state the x – value for which this occurs, USING ALL THREE METHODS (Factoring, Partial Factoring, Completing the Square). State the domain and range of the Parabola.
2. Given $p(x) = 3x - 7$ a) Calculate the value of $p(2)$. b) If $p(x) = -9$, calculate the value of x .
3. For each of the following, determine whether the relation is a function or not. Be prepared to justify your answer.

a) $x^2 + y^2 = 9$ b) $x = -3$ c) $y = 0$ d) $3x^2 - 6y = 9$ e) $3x - 5y = 14$

Unit 2: Quiz Part A: REVIEW Radicals – no Calculator!

1. Simplify the following:

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Unit 2: Quiz Part B: REVIEW Quadratics -- Calculator Allowed!

1. Determine the maximum or minimum value of the function $q(x) = -2x^2 - 3x + 5$ and state the x – value for which this occurs, USING ALL THREE METHODS (Factoring, Partial Factoring, Completing the Square). State the domain and range of the Parabola.
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Radicals Quiz Review

Solutions.

PART A

a) $\sqrt{50}$

$$= \sqrt{25 \times 2}$$

$$= \sqrt{25} \times \sqrt{2}$$

$$= 5\sqrt{2}$$

b) $\sqrt{7} - 3\sqrt{7}$ ~~(x)~~

$$= -2\sqrt{7}$$

c) $5\sqrt{3} - 4\sqrt{72} + \sqrt{150} + 2\sqrt{8}$

$$= 5\sqrt{3} - 4\sqrt{36 \times 2} + \sqrt{25 \times 6} + 2\sqrt{4 \times 2}$$

$$= 5\sqrt{3} - 4(6)\sqrt{2} + 5\sqrt{6} + 2(2)\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 5\sqrt{3} - 24\sqrt{2} + 5\sqrt{6} + 4\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 5\sqrt{3} + 5\sqrt{6} - 20\sqrt{2}$$

d) $5\sqrt{3}(4 + 5\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{15})$

$$= 20\sqrt{3} + 25(\cancel{3}) - 10\sqrt{3}\cancel{\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{5}$$

$$= 20\sqrt{3} + 75 - 10(3)\sqrt{5}$$

$$= 20\sqrt{3} + 75 - 30\sqrt{5}$$

e) $(\sqrt{2} + 5)(2 - \sqrt{2})$

$$= 2\sqrt{2} - 2 + 10 - 5\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 8 - 3\sqrt{2}$$

f) $\frac{4 \pm \sqrt{28}}{2}$

$$= \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{4 \times 7}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{4 \pm 2\sqrt{7}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2(2 \pm \sqrt{7})}{2}$$

$$= 2 \pm \sqrt{7}$$

Quest Review

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PART Simplify:

B
a) $\sqrt{48}$
 $= \sqrt{16 \times 3}$
 $= 4\sqrt{3}$

b) $2\sqrt{15} \times 10\sqrt{21}$
 $= 20\sqrt{15 \times 21}$
 $= 20\sqrt{315}$
 $= 20\sqrt{3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7}$
 $= 20(\sqrt{9})(\sqrt{35})$
 $= 20(3\sqrt{35})$
 $= 60\sqrt{35}$

extra questions.

1. $q(x) = -2x^2 - 3x + 5$

a) factoring

$$q(x) = -(2x^2 + 3x - 5)$$

$$= -(2x+5)(x-1)$$

zeros $2x+5=0$ $x-1=0$

$$x = -\frac{5}{2}$$
 $x = 1$

AoS: $x = \left(-\frac{5}{2} + 1\right) \div 2$

$$x = \left(-\frac{5}{2} + \frac{2}{2}\right) \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$q\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) = -\left[2\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) + 5\right] \left[-\frac{3}{4} - \frac{4}{4}\right]$$

$$= -\left[-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{10}{2}\right] \left[-\frac{7}{4}\right]$$

$$= -\left(\frac{7}{2}\right)\left(-\frac{7}{4}\right)$$

$$= \frac{49}{8}$$

∴ Max value of $\frac{49}{8}$
 when $x = -\frac{3}{4}$.

b) partial factoring

$$q(x) = -2x(x + \frac{3}{2}) + 5$$

AoS: $x = -\frac{3}{2} \div 2$

$$x = -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$q\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) = -2\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)\left(-\frac{3}{4} + \frac{6}{4}\right) + 5$$

$$= -\frac{3}{2}\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) + 5$$

$$= \frac{9}{8} + \frac{40}{8}$$

$$= \frac{49}{8}$$

c) completing the square

$$q(x) = -2(x^2 + \frac{3}{2}x + \frac{9}{16} - \frac{9}{16}) + 5$$

$$q(x) = -2(x + \frac{3}{4})^2 + \frac{9}{8} + \frac{40}{8}$$

$$q(x) = -2(x + \frac{3}{4})^2 + \frac{49}{8}$$

D: $\{x \in \mathbb{R}\}$ R: $\{y \leq \frac{49}{8}\}$

Quest Review

pg 2

2. $p(x) = 3x - 7$

a) $p(2) = 3(2) - 7$
 $= 6 - 7$
 $= -1$
 $\therefore p(2) = -1$

b) $p(x) = -9$
 $\frac{-9}{3} = 3x - 7$
 $-9 + 7 = 3x$
 $3x = -2$
 $x = -\frac{2}{3}$

$\therefore p\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right) = -9$

3. EQUATION TYPE OF FUNCTION? DOMAIN RANGE
GRAPH

a) $x^2 + y^2 = 9$ circle no $\{-3 \leq x \leq 3\}$ $\{-3 \leq y \leq 3\}$

b) $x = -3$ line no (vertical line) $\{-3\}$ $\{y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

c) $y = 0$ line yes (horizontal line) $\{x \in \mathbb{R}\}$ $\{0\}$

d) $3x^2 - 6 = y$ parabola yes $\{x \in \mathbb{R}\}$ $\{y \geq -6\}$

$y = 3x^2 - 6$ 

e) $3x - 5y = 14$ line yes (sloped line) $\{x \in \mathbb{R}\}$ $\{y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

↓
explanation
for ↗

Only parabola
Domain, Range
required for
this unit.

f) $\{(0, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3)\}$ No.
 (two points
 are lined up
 vertically).

$\{0, 1\}$ $\{1, 2, 3\}$.