

Solving Quadratic Equations

- Determine the roots of each equation by factoring.
 - $x^2 + 5x + 4 = 0$
 - $4x^2 - 9 = 0$
 - $x^2 - 11x + 18 = 0$
 - $2x^2 - 7x - 4 = 0$
- Use the quadratic formula to determine each of the roots to two decimal places.
 - $x^2 - 4x - 9 = 0$
 - $3x^2 + 2x - 8 = 0$
 - $-2x^2 + 3x - 6 = 0$
 - $0.5x^2 - 2.2x - 4.7 = 0$
- For each equation, decide on a strategy to solve it and explain why you chose that strategy.
 - Use your strategy to solve the equation. When appropriate, leave your answer in simplest radical form.
 - $2x^2 - 3x = x^2 + 7x$
 - $4x^2 + 6x + 1 = 0$
 - $x^2 + 4x - 3 = 0$
 - $(x + 3)^2 = -2x$
 - $3x^2 - 5x = 2x^2 + 4x + 10$
 - $2(x + 3)(x - 4) = 6x + 6$
- Locate the x -intercepts of the graph of each function.
 - $f(x) = 3x^2 - 7x - 2$
 - $f(x) = -4x^2 + 25x - 21$
- The flight of a ball hit from a tree that is 0.6 m tall can be modelled by the function $h(t) = -4.9t^2 + 6t + 0.6$. Where $h(t)$ is the height in metres at time t seconds. How long will it take for the ball to hit the ground?
- Determine the break-even quantities for each profit function, where x is the number sold, in thousands.
 - $P(x) = -x^2 + 12x + 28$
 - $P(x) = -2x^2 + 18x - 40$
 - $P(x) = -2x^2 + 22x - 17$
 - $P(x) = -0.5x^2 + 6x - 5$
- A rectangular swimming pool measuring **10 m by 4 m** is surrounded by a deck of uniform width. The **combined area** of the deck and the pool is **135 m²**. What is the **width** of the deck?
- The sum of the squares of two consecutive integers is 685. What could the integers be? (list all possibilities)
- Sally is standing on the top of a river slope and throws a ball. The height of the ball at a given time is modeled by the function $h(t) = -5t^2 + 30t + 10$, where $h(t)$ is the height in metres and t is the time in seconds.
 - How long is the ball in the air, to the nearest tenth of a second?
 - How high is the ball after 4 seconds?
 - When will the ball be 10m above the ground?
 - What is the maximum height of the ball?
- The height, $h(t)$, in metres, of an object fired upwards from the ground at 50 m/s is given approximately by the equation $h(t) = -5t^2 + 50t$ where t seconds is the time since the object was launched.
 - Does an object fired upwards at 50 m/s reach a height of 150 m? If so, after how many seconds is the object at this height?
 - When will the object hit the ground?
 - When does it reach its maximum height?
- The population of an Ontario city is modeled by the function $P(t) = 0.5t^2 + 10t + 300$ where $P(t)$ is the population in thousands and t is the time in years. (Note: $t = 0$ corresponds to the year 2000)
 - What was the population in 2000?
 - What will be the population in 2012?
 - When is the population expected to be 1,050,000?
- The profit of a skateboard company can be modeled by the function $P(x) = -63 + 133x - 14x^2$, where $P(x)$ is the profit in thousands of dollars and x is the number of skateboards sold, also in thousands.
 - What is the maximum profit the company can earn?
 - Determine when the company is profitable by calculating the break-even points.
- In Vancouver, the height, h , in kilometres, that you would need to climb to see to the east coast of Canada can be modelled by the equation $h^2 + 12\,740h = 20\,000\,000$. If the positive root of this equation is the solution, find the height, to the nearest kilometre.

ANSWERS: