## Summary:

- Finite Differences = First and Second Differences
- To use Finite Differences the $\underline{x}$-values must be increasing or decreasing by the same amount.
- If the First Differences are not constant, the relation is
$\qquad$ -
- If the Second Differences are constant, it is a
- You can use quadratic regression on a graphing calculator to
find the $\qquad$ of the $\qquad$ .
- You can use an equation that models the data set to about the data.

2. Calculate the first and second differences. Then, determine if each relation is linear, quadratic, or neither.
a)

b)

| $x$ | $y$ | First |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 1 | Differences | Differences |
| 1 | 2 |  |  |
| 2 | 4 |  |  |
| 3 | 8 |  |  |
| 4 | 16 |  |  |

c)

d)


Practice: Pg. 289 \# 1, 2, 3, 8 abcd CHECK Answers Pg. 553-554

