1. Identify the slope and the $y$ intercept of the following lines (then write the equation of the line):




2. Identify the slope and the $y$ intercept of each of the following lines then graph the line:
a) $y=2 x-3$
b) $y=-\frac{5}{6} x+4$
c) $y=5$
d) $x=-3$

3. Identify which equation below is in standard form. Correct the equation if it is not in standard form.
a) $-3 x+y-4=0$
b) $2 x-3 y+4=0$
c) $0=\frac{1}{3} x-7$
d) $y=\frac{2}{3} x+\frac{1}{5}$
4. Rearrange the following into slope $y$-intercept form.
a) $4 x-3 y=18$
b) $\frac{1}{2} x+y-4=0$
5. Calculate the $x$ and $y$ intercepts, then graph the following line.

$$
5 x+2 y=10
$$


6. Determine the equation of a line that is :
a) parallel to $y=-3 x+5$
b) perpendicular to $5 x+2 y+14=0$
7. Find the equation of a line that goes through the point $(4,3)$ AND the point of intersection of

$$
y=2 x-3 \text { and } 8 x+2 y+18=0
$$



For the test, you will need to know how to...

- create linear equations from graphs
- identify slope and $y$-intercept from a linear equation - graph linear equations, including horizontal and vertical lines
- identify linear equations in standard form (and other forms) and be able to transfer between the different forms
- calculate the $x$ and $y$-intercepts, and then use to graph
- determine the equation of a line given:
*slope and y-intercept;
*slope and point;
*two points
- determine the solution to a linear system (point of intersection)

