

U2D7_T SINE LAW

Sunday, March 4, 2018 12:53 PM



U2D7_T
SINE LAW

MAP4CI Unit 2 Day 7

U2D7

SINE LAW

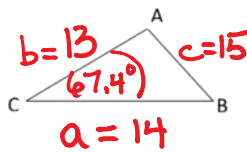
To use the sine law you need one complete side-angle pair.

SINE LAW:

If looking for an angle: $\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$

If looking for a side: $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

Example 1: Calculate the value of angle A and angle B.
Round to one decimal place.



$a = 14, b = 13, c = 15, \angle C = 67.4^\circ$

* You need a complete side-angle pair to use sine law.

$$\frac{\sin A}{14} = \frac{\sin B}{13} = \frac{\sin 67.4^\circ}{15}$$

$$\frac{\sin A}{14} \xrightarrow{\times 14} \frac{\sin 67.4^\circ \times 14}{15}$$

$$\sin A = \sin 67.4^\circ \div 15 \times 14$$

$$\sin A = 0.8616628 \dots$$

$$\sin^{-1}(\sin A) = \sin^{-1}(0.86166 \dots)$$

$$A = \sin^{-1}(0.86166 \dots)$$

$$A = 59.50 \dots$$

$$A \doteq 59.5^\circ$$

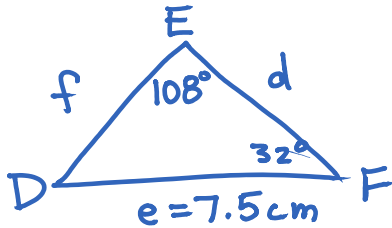
$$B = 180^\circ - 59.5^\circ - 67.4^\circ$$

$$B = 53.1^\circ$$

Example 2:

In $\triangle DEF$, $E = 108^\circ$, $F = 32^\circ$, $e = 7.5 \text{ cm}$.

Determine the length of 'd' to one decimal place.



$$\begin{aligned}\angle D &= 180^\circ - 108^\circ - 32^\circ \\ \angle D &= 40^\circ\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d}{\sin D} = \frac{e}{\sin E}$$

$$\frac{d}{\sin 40^\circ} \xrightarrow{\times \sin 40^\circ} \frac{7.5}{\sin 108^\circ} \times \sin 40^\circ$$

$$d = 7.5 \div \sin 108^\circ \times \sin 40^\circ$$

$$d = 5.069$$

$$\boxed{d \approx 5.1 \text{ cm}}$$

U2D7 Practice: page 101 #1a,2,4a,6,7a,8