U2D6_T_Simplifying Polynomials Part 2

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U2D6_T_Si mplifying ...

U2D6 (Simplifying Polynomials Part 2)

Adding and Subtracting Polynomials

A. Adding Polynomials

When adding polynomials, remove the brackets then collect like terms to simplify.

Example 1: Simplify.

$$= 8x + 5$$

a)
$$(3x + 2) + (5x + 3)$$
 b) $(-3n + 5) + (n - 4)$

$$= 3x + 2 + 5x + 3 = -3n + 5 + n - 4$$

$$= -2n+1$$

c)
$$(6r + 5) + (4r - 1) + (-3r - 2)$$

$$=6r+5+4r-1-3r-2$$

$$=7r+2$$

Note: You cannot add the 8x with the 5 since they are not like terms... you may not simplify 8x + 5 any further.

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B: Subtracting Polynomials

When subtracting polynomials, we <u>add</u> the opposite

Opposites add to give 0.

So, the opposite of 5 is $\frac{-5}{4x}$. The opposite of -4x is $\frac{4x}{4}$.

Example 2: State the opposite of each polynomial.

| Polynomial | Opposite |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| $3x^2 + 2x - 1$ | $-3x^{2}-2x+1$ |
| $-4x^3 + 2x^2 - 1$ | $4x^3 - 2x^2 + 1$ |
| $(-3r^2 + 4r + 6)$ | $(3r^2-4r-6)$ |

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Example 3: Simplify.

a)
$$(6r+5)-(4r+1)$$

= $(6r+5)+(-4r-1)$
adding the opposite of $(4r+1)$
= $6r+5-4r-1$
= $2r+4$

b)
$$(4d-1)-(-1-3d)$$

= $(4d-1)+(1+3d)$
= $4d-1+1+3d$

$$=7d$$

c)
$$(6m^2 - 5mn - 5n^2) - (-6m^2 + 4mn - 7n^2)$$

= $(6m^2 - 5mn - 5n^2) + (6m^2 - 4mn + 7n^2)$
= $6m^2 - 5mn - 5n^2 + 6m^2 - 4mn + 7n^2$

$$= 12m^2 - 9mn + 2n^2$$

U2D6 (Simplifying Polynomials Part 2) Adding and Subtracting Polynomials Is 4 + 2r the same or different from 2r + 4? ... They are $\frac{1}{2}$ Same ... But, we usually write polynomials with the variable term first.