

Warm Up:

Given  $R = 50p$ , determine:

- a) constant of variation 50    b) fixed value 0    c) slope of the line 50

If  $R$  represents the money raised at a fundraising event, and  $p$  represents the number of people, determine how many people came if \$6500 was raised.

$$50p = 6500$$

$$\frac{50p}{50} = \frac{6500}{50}$$

$$p = 130$$

$\therefore$  130 people attended the fundraising event.

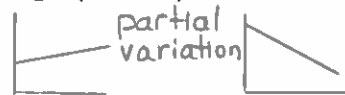
Unit 5: Linear Relations I

Day 6 - Connecting and Applying

So far, we have learned how to identify a linear relation from a(n):

- graph (straight line)
  - table of value (first differences are constant)
  - equation  $y = mx$  or  $y = mx + b$      $Ax + By + C = 0$   
(no exponents on  $x$  or  $y$ )
- AND

- we can tell if a linear relation is direct or partial by the graph or by the form of the equation



- we can calculate slope of a line

$$m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} \quad m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} \quad m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

Now, let's tie it all together!!!

**Ex. 1** The following table shows the height above the ground of a snail as it crawls up a pipe.

a) Graph this relation. Is it partial or direct variation?

partial variation [goes through (0, -3)]

b) Use first differences to confirm that the relation is linear.

First differences are all the same,  $\Delta x$  is constant

c) Calculate the slope.  $\therefore$  graph is linear.

$$m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} \quad m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} \quad \begin{matrix} (6, 5) & (9, 9) \\ x_1, y_1 & x_2, y_2 \end{matrix}$$

$$= \frac{4}{3} \quad = \frac{4}{3} \quad m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$= \frac{9 - 5}{9 - 6} = \frac{4}{3}$$

d) What is the initial height of the snail?

3 m below the ground level

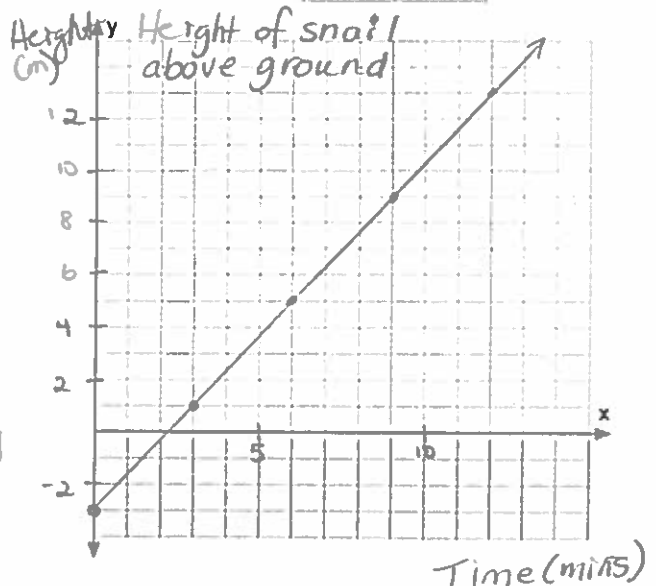
the negative gets translated into a meaningful word.

e) Write the equation of the line.

$$y = mx + b$$

$$y = \frac{4}{3}x - 3$$

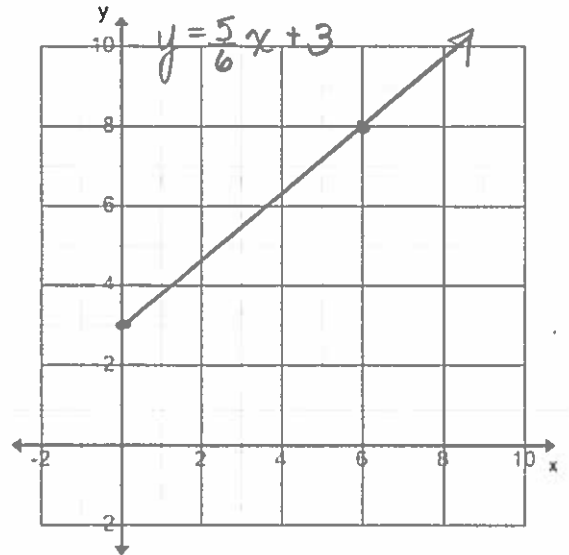
Time (mins)	Height (cm)	First Differences ( $\Delta y$ )
0	-3	
3	1	$1 - (-3) = 4$
6	5	$5 - 1 = 4$
9	9	$9 - 5 = 4$
12	13	$13 - 9 = 4$



**Ex. 2**  $y$  varies partially with  $x$ . When  $x = 0, y = 3$  and when  $x = 6, y = 8$ .

a) Find the slope and the vertical intercept (y intercept) of the line. Given  $(0, 3)$   
 So  $b = 3$   
 $\therefore$  vertical intercept is 3.  
 $\therefore$  slope is  $\frac{5}{6}$

$(0, 3) \quad (6, 8)$   
 $x_1, y_1 \quad x_2, y_2$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{8 - 3}{6 - 0} = \frac{5}{6}$$


b) Graph the relation.

c) Write an equation to represent this partial variation.

$y = mx + b, m = \frac{5}{6}, b = 3$  so,

$$y = \frac{5}{6}x + 3$$

**Ex. 3** A company tests heavy duty elastic bands by measuring how much they stretch when supporting various masses.

	$\Delta x$						
$x$	0	2	4	6	8		
$y$	6.2	9.6	13.0	16.4	19.8		
First Differences ( $\Delta y$ )		3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4		

a) Determine if this relation is linear.

$\Delta x$  is constant, first differences are all the same  
 so the relation is linear.

b) What does the point  $(0, 6.2)$  represent?  
 $\rightarrow$  'initial value' since ' $x = 0$ '

The elastic band is 6.2 cm long with no mass attached.

c) Calculate the slope. What does it represent?

$$m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{3.4}{2} = 1.7 \text{ cm/kg}$$

$\therefore$  for every 1 kg that is attached, the elastic stretches 1.7 cm.

d) Write an equation in the form of  $y = mx + b$ .  $m = 1.7, b = 6.2$

$$y = 1.7x + 6.2$$

e) Predict how long the elastic band would be when it is supporting 10 kg.

$$y = 1.7(10) + 6.2$$

$$y = 17 + 6.2$$

$$y = 23.2$$

$\rightarrow$  mass = 10 kg  
 so,  $x = 10$

$\therefore$  the elastic would be 23.2 cm long.