

Volume and Surface Area of Prisms and Pyramids

Polyhedron: A three-dimensional object with faces that are polygons.

Prism:

A prism is a three-dimensional solid (a polyhedron). The top and bottom (the bases) are parallel, identical polygons. The lateral faces are rectangles; they meet the bases at right angles. A prism are named by the shape of its bases, for example, rectangular prism, triangular prism, square-based prism.

Volume of any Prism:

$$V = A_{\text{base}} \times \text{height}$$

Surface Area:

$$A_{\text{total}} = 2 \times A_{\text{base}} + A_{\text{rectangles}}$$

Pyramid:

A pyramid is a three-dimensional solid (a polyhedron) with a polygon-shaped base. The remaining sides are triangles that come to a point at the top.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qXC8uzy_HFw

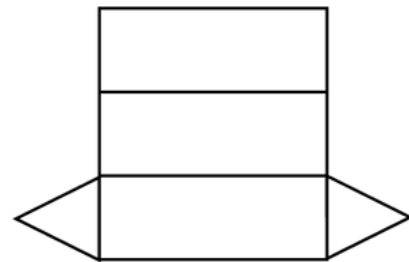
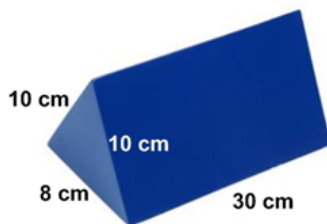
Volume of any Pyramid:

$$V = \frac{1}{3} (A_{\text{base}} \times \text{height})$$

Surface Area:

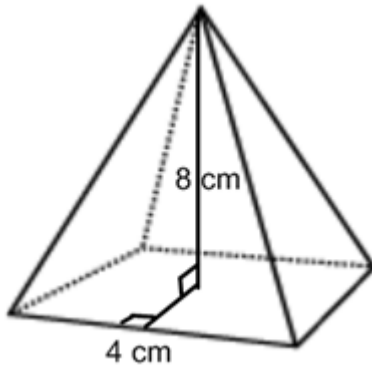
$$A_{\text{total}} = A_{\text{base}} + A_{\text{triangles}}$$

Example 1: Calculate the volume and the surface area of the following triangular-based prism.

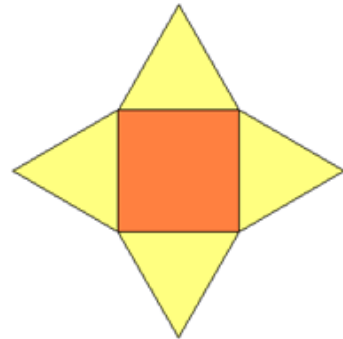
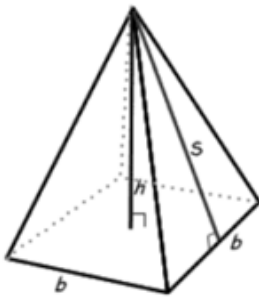


MPM 1DI Unit 9 Lesson 1

Example 2: Calculate the volume of the following square-based pyramid.



Example 3: Calculate the surface area of the square-based pyramid in example 2.



Example 4: A box of chocolates has a volume of 80 cm^3 .
If its length is 10 cm and its height is 2 cm, what is its width?