# **Cycling of Nutrients**

- Except for the few asteroids that arrive on Earth from space, the amount of matter on Earth is
- All \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is made up of elements in combinations, and since the elements on this planet are not new they must be recycled
- This recycling of \_\_\_\_\_\_ occurs between the biotic factors and the abiotic factors of an ecosystem
- Sometimes this exchange is quick, and sometimes the elements can be locked into a \_\_\_\_\_\_ for a long time (i.e. glaciers, rocks etc)

# THE WATER CYCLE

- Water \_\_\_\_\_ (or is released as water vapour from plants in a process called \_\_\_\_\_) and rises in the atmosphere
- At a higher, cooler altitude the water vapour
   \_\_\_\_\_\_ into rain/ice/snow and falls to the surface as
- Water on land will eventually \_\_\_\_\_\_ into streams/ponds/lakes/oceans or \_\_\_\_\_\_ into the soil to join up with other ground water and/or be taken up by roots of plants

THE NITROGEN CYCLE:

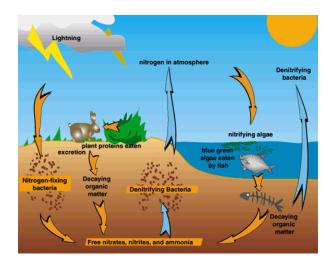
 \_\_\_\_\_\_ of our atmosphere is made up of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (N<sub>2</sub>), however plants and animals cannot use nitrogen in this form

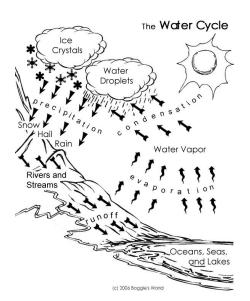
is a process that converts unusable nitrogen gas into a useable form,

and can occur in two main ways:

- \_\_\_\_\_\_ the energy from lightning can convert the nitrogen gas (N<sub>2</sub>) in the air directly into nitrates (NO<sub>3</sub>). They then dissolve in rainwater, and are absorbed by plants.
- <u>-</u> found on the nodules of roots of plants and in soil/water. These bacteria convert nitrogen gas into ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>).

 $\_$  — take ammonia and turn it into nitrites (NO<sub>2</sub>) and then nitrates (NO<sub>3</sub>).





- Once the nitrates are absorbed by plants, animals eat the plants and eventually change the nitrates into
- the waste can be used by \_\_\_\_\_\_ and turned back into nitrates again
- Other bacteria can turn nitrates back into \_\_\_\_\_\_, which returns to the atmosphere

## CARBON CYCLE

- Most of the carbon on Earth is locked up in \_\_\_\_\_\_ (i.e. plants, fossil fuels, oceans, animals etc.)
- the remainder is generally found as molecules of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  most carbon is recycled through \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_

### Photosynthesis:

- Occurs in \_\_\_\_\_\_ (which have a chemical in their leaves called \_\_\_\_\_\_)
- Chlorophyll captures \_\_\_\_\_\_ and turns nutrients in the plant into stored chemical energy
   ( )
- the waste product is \_\_\_\_\_\_ carbon dioxide + water  $\rightarrow$  sugar + oxygen CO<sub>2</sub> H<sub>2</sub>O C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>6</sub> O<sub>2</sub>

### Cellular Respiration:

occurs in \_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ to make energy for performing daily functions
the waste products are \_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_

sugar	+	oxygen $ ightarrow$	carbon dioxide +	water	
$C_6H_{12}O_6$	O <sub>2</sub>		CO <sub>2</sub>		$H_2O$

